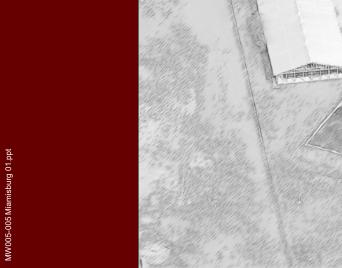


**City of Miamisburg WRF** 

Worth the Wait

#### 2021 OWEA Plant Operations and Lab Conference David Reinker, City of Miamisburg





## **Proposed Agenda**

- Brief History
  Current Design
  Construction
  Questions



# States are life States Stat

A general view is pictured above of Miamisburg's new \$380,000 sewage disposal plant which be ready for partial operation Monday of next week. In the center is the aerator-clarifier which sewage is first pumped and purified to a degree by air forced through the sewage. Itater is the large digester tank into which sludge is pumped and further reduced by chemical

A general view is pictured above of Miamisburg's new Solotou sewage disposit plant and the sewage is for partial operation Monday of next week. In the center is the aerator-clarifier will be ready for partial operation Monday of next week. In the center is the aerator-clarifier into which sewage is first pumped and purified to a degree by air forced through the sewage. On the left is the large digester tank into which sludge is pumped and further reduced by chemical on the left is the large digester tank into which sludge is pumped and further reduced by chemical action and bacteria. The building at the right is the control station where most equipment is located and tests conducted. In the rear of the station are the large sludge or "drying" beds. (Photo by Jim Ransdell)

Miamisburg's new \$380,000 sev age disposal plant, located at t south end of Riverview aven southwest of Miamisburg, is pected to be ready for pa operation by next Monday, 12, it was learned this week.

Project

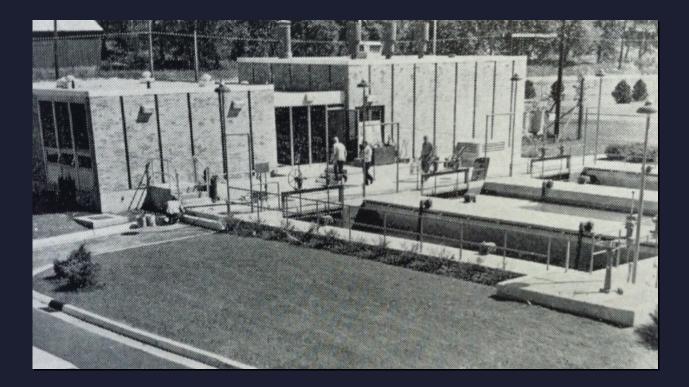
In 1 Year

City officials and Alfree Feber and Associates, de engineers, said today the struction work on the ne is completed and the p treatment plant is read runs with full operation later next week.

They said the p been designed to dispose of 2,500,000 untreated waste per full operation beg plant will prob called upon to di than one million



# **Brief History**



MW005-005 Miamisburg 01.pp

## Early Miamisburg WRF History

• 1954 Original 1.0 MGD WRF into operation Primary treatment • 1967 New 2.2 MGD WRF plant Secondary treatment and disinfection 1980s WRF expansions • 3 phases to meet additional flows 1985, 1986, and 1988



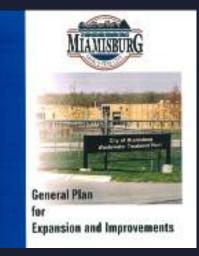
## 2001 WRF Improvements

## 1999 General Plan

 Outlined 3 phases of improvements to WRF

#### 2001 Improvements Phase A

- 4 MGD capacity improvements
- 8 MGD peak day
- Modified secondary treatment
- Remodeled admin and lab
- SCADA and PLC additions
- Other phases delayed
  - Economic downturn

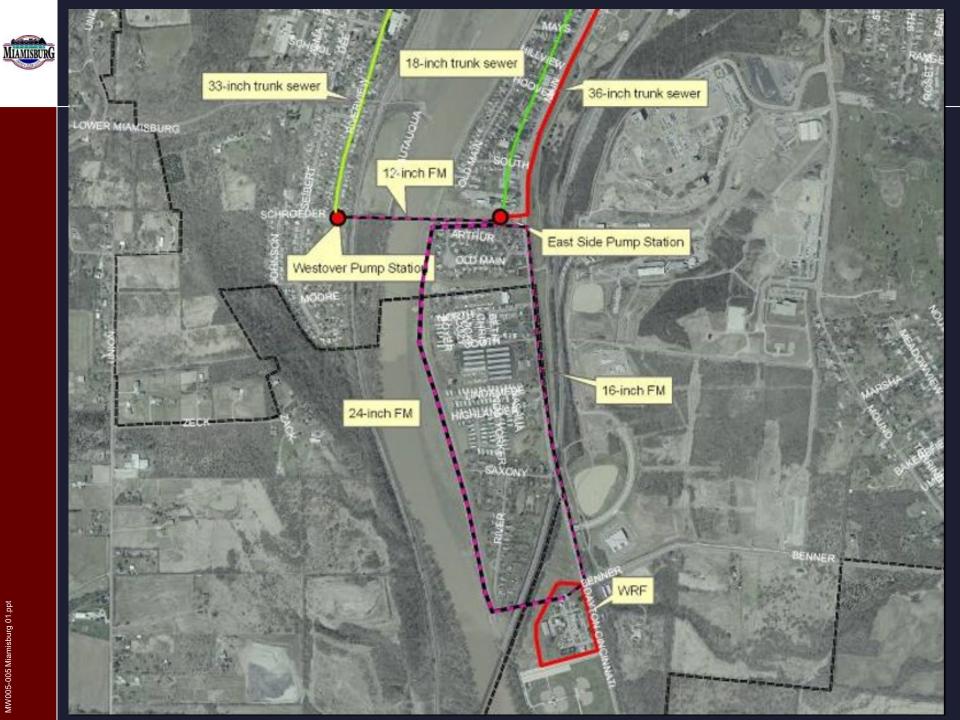




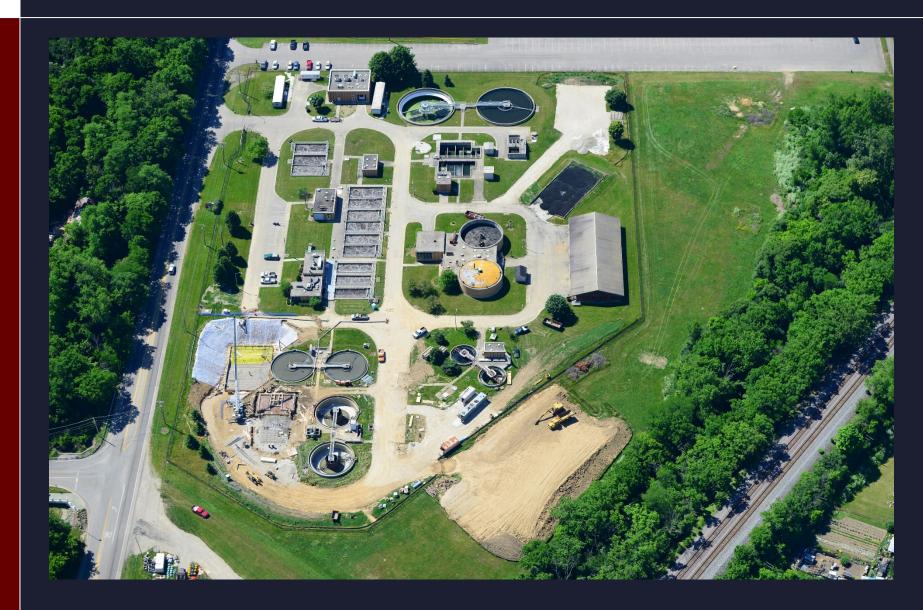


## 2016 through 2018











## 2009 General Plan



Update to Old General Plan Aging Facilities and Infrastructure System Releases and Back-ups

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Incorporate input from Miamisburg staff
- 2. Develop 'roadmap' for improvements with phased approach
- 3. Address collection system, pump station and WRF needs, focused on initially addressing highest priority issues



## **Preliminary and Primary Treatment**

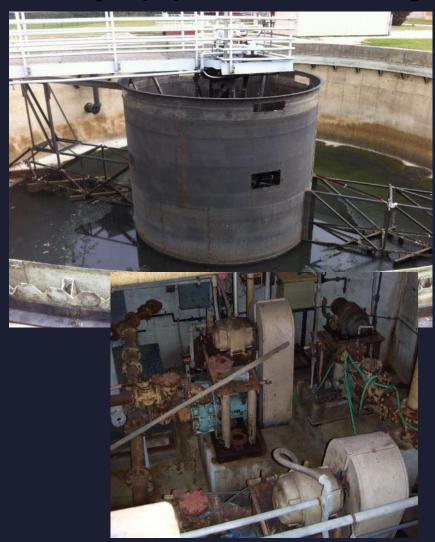
#### **Effects of poor screening**





#### No grit removal

#### **Primary equipment deteriorating**



## WRF Solids Handling Improvements

#### Anaerobic Digestion

- Digester cover covered
- Digesters contain grit
- Existing roof poor condition
- Code updates required
  - Gas flare

#### Dewatering

- Belt press to be replaced
- Increase O&M



Needed to address aging equipment (high O&M) and meet code and regulatory requirements

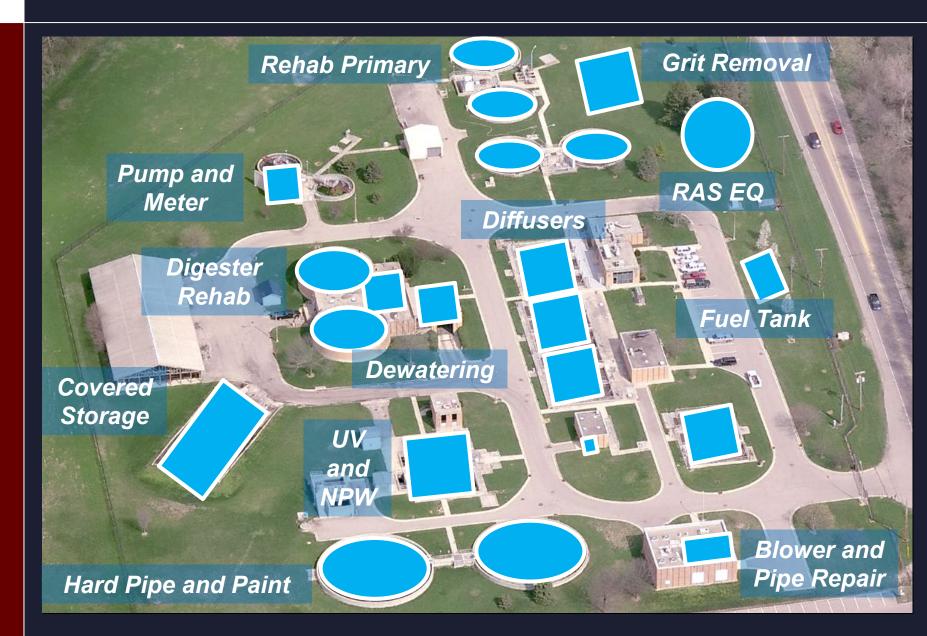
### 2009 General Plan Recommendations

- Wet weather capacity highest priority
- Collection system upgrades
  - Collection system evaluation and testing
  - Misc I/I repair and rehab
  - New East Side PS with screening
  - New equalization storage at East Side PS
- WRF improvements
  - Add grit removal, replace PC equipment
  - Replace aeration diffusers, blower, add UV
  - Rehab digestion, replace dewatering
- Potential for phased improvements, but put on hold due to inability to fund

#### **Major Planned Improvements**

- Preliminary: New grit removal and flow measurement
- Primary: New primary splitter box, replace clarifier equipment in tank, primary sludge pumps, sludge flow meters, new MCCs, replace sumps, new skimmings pumps, rehab concrete, replace handrail, and update lighting
- Aeration: New smaller, more efficient aeration blower, repair aeration header outside building, caulk joints inside building, replace air diffusers and PVC piping
- RAS: New RAS holding tank, mixing and RAS pumps
- Secondary: Hard pipe clarifier inlet, paint bridge, center well, skimmer box and scum arm
- Disinfection: Replace chlorine with UV

#### **Planned Improvements in Perspective**



IAMISBUE



## WRF Improvements



## **Primary Treatment**



MW005-005 Miamisburg 01.pp

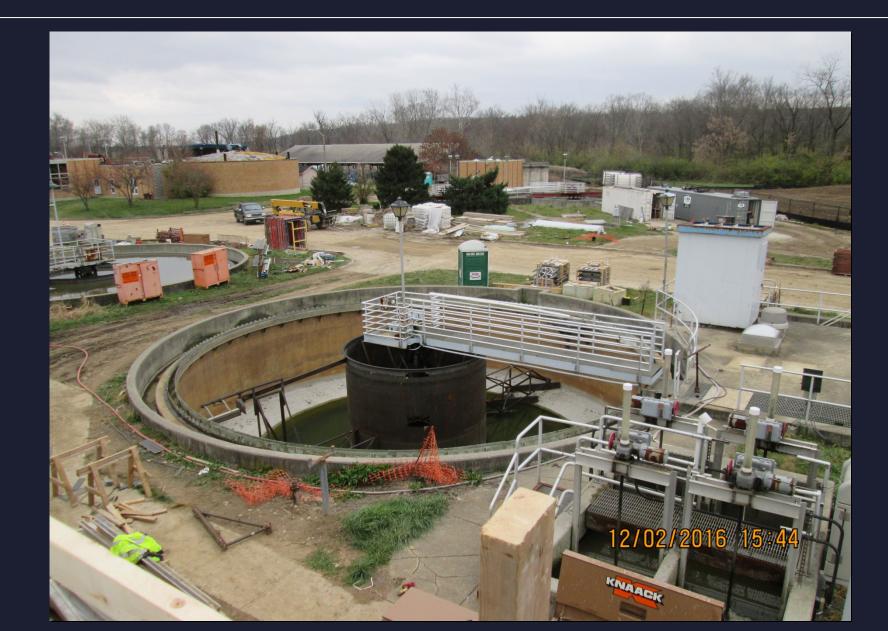


#### **South Primary Clarifier**





#### **Stand Pipe broke**



#### **Higher Flow Considerations**

#### Eastside PS

- 17 MGD screening and pumping capacity
- Excess above WRF flows to 2 MG EQ

#### • WRF

- NFA/SECAP recommended 9 MGD design capacity
- Higher than 9 MGD limitations?
  - Aeration basin organic loadings, 5.3 MGD
  - Secondary clarifiers flow, 10.6 MGD
  - Chlorine contact time, 9.8 MGD
- Staff has seen hydraulic capacity above 15 MGD through plant...can we reduce bottlenecks in flow?



#### Hydraulic challenges





#### **WRF Process Design Capacities**

Process Unit	Firm Capacity	Total Installed Capacity	Limitation
Primary Clarifiers	9.5 MGD	12.7 MGD	10-State Standard Peak Flow SOR
Aeration Basins	4 MGD	5.3 MGD	10-State Standard AA Organic Loadings
Mixed Liquor Pump Station	14.4 MGD	21.6 MGD	Pump Capacity
Secondary Clarifiers	5.3 MGD	10.6 MGD	10-State Standard Peak Flow SOR
Chlorine Contact Tanks	4.9 MGD	9.8 MGD	10-State Standard Minimum 15 minutes contact time at peak flow

MW005-005 Miamisburg 01.pp

#### Analysis recommended 9 MGD, but what if >9 MGD, what are operational constraints?

## **Evaluation of Wet Weather Strategy**

#### Existing WRF Wet Weather Design

- 8 MGD peak hourly through secondary system
- >12 MGD hydraulic peak with bypass

#### Recommended Approach

- Avoid bypass operations
- Sustained peak plant flows up to 15 MGD for periods up to days
- Sustained flows require different operational strategies
- Mass loading relative to permit is a major consideration
- Want to preserve biomass and optimize effluent quality



#### **PTF Starting Point**







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MW005-005 Miamisburg 01.ppt



#### Headcell Grit Trays

















#### Old RAS mixing box



MW005-005 Miamisburg 01.ppt







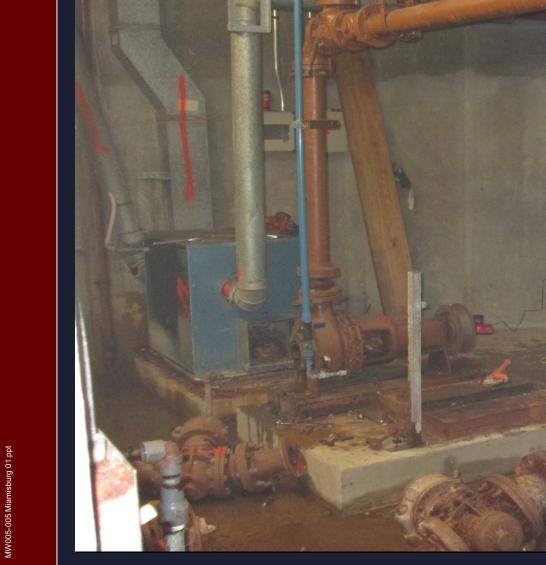
#### **Existing Primary Effluent Splitting Box**











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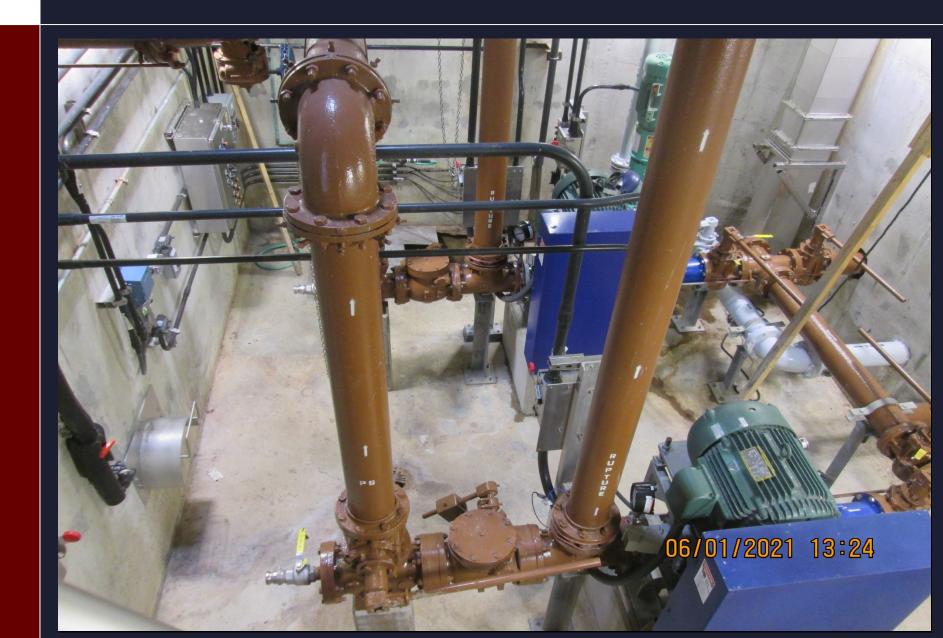
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### **Replace Existing Pumps and Piping**



IAMISE



































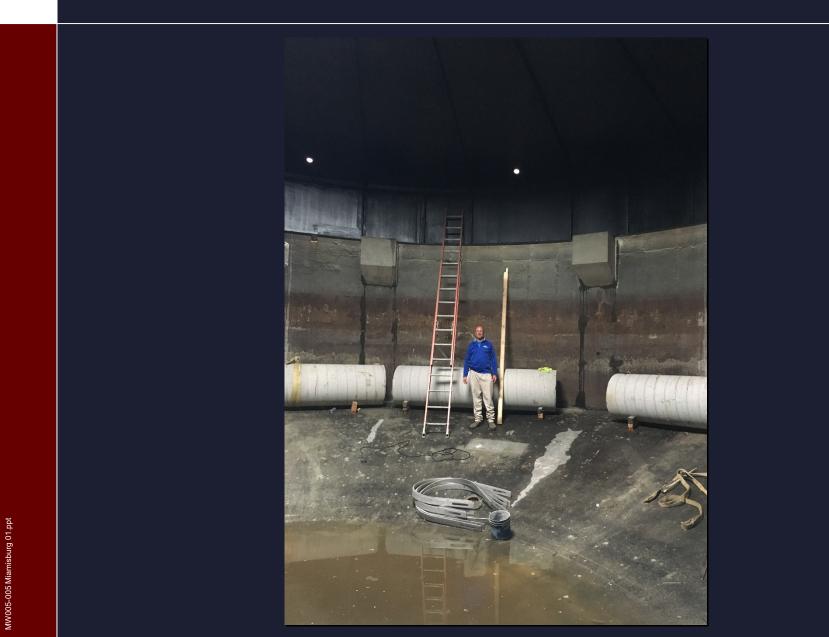


### Tubes for ?











#### **New Duel Fuel Heat Exchanger**







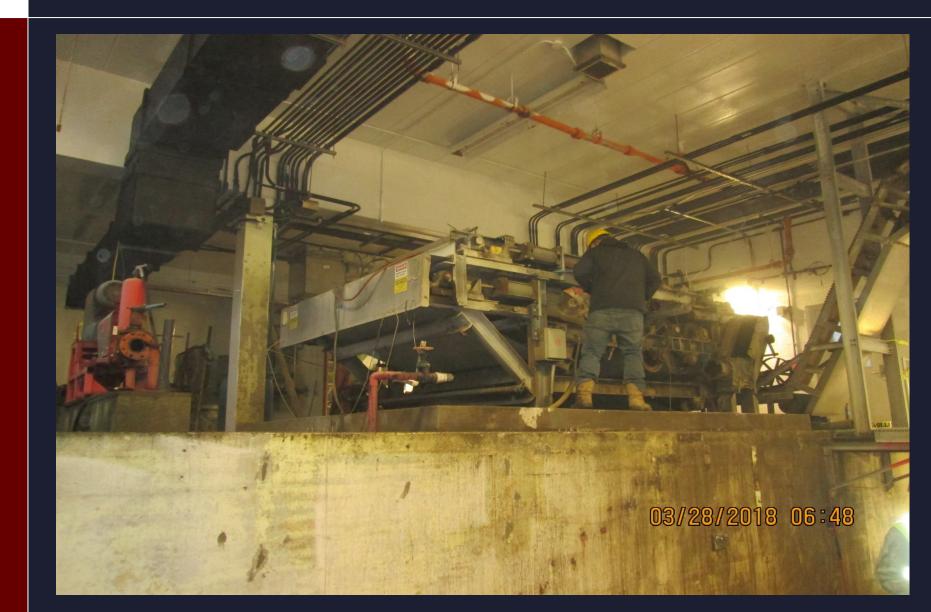




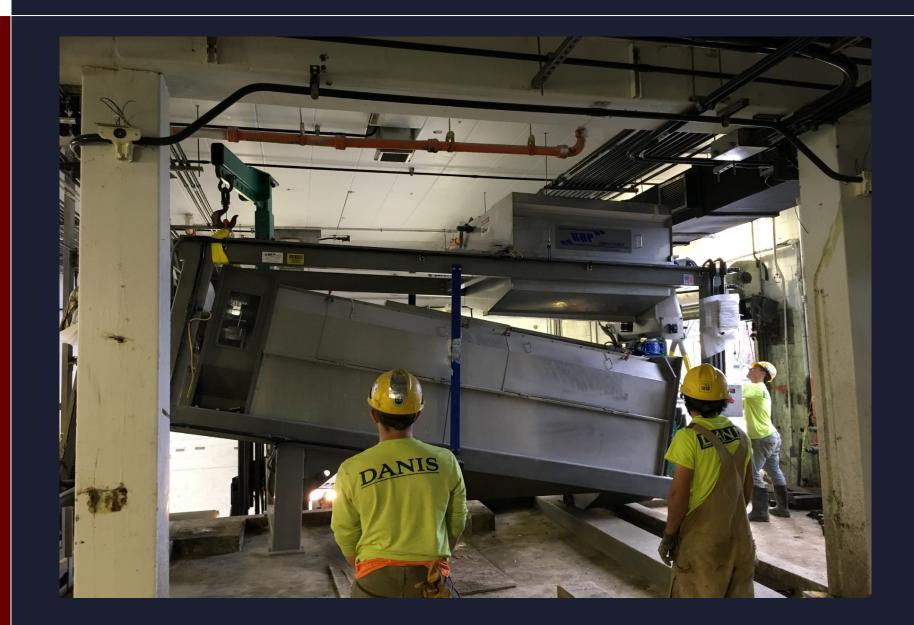


















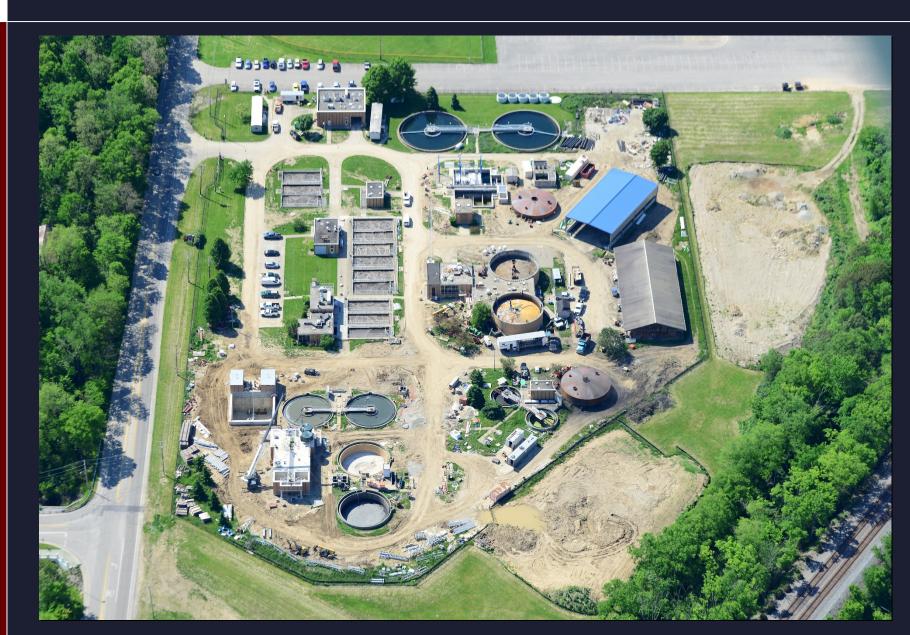








## **Halfway Through Construction**

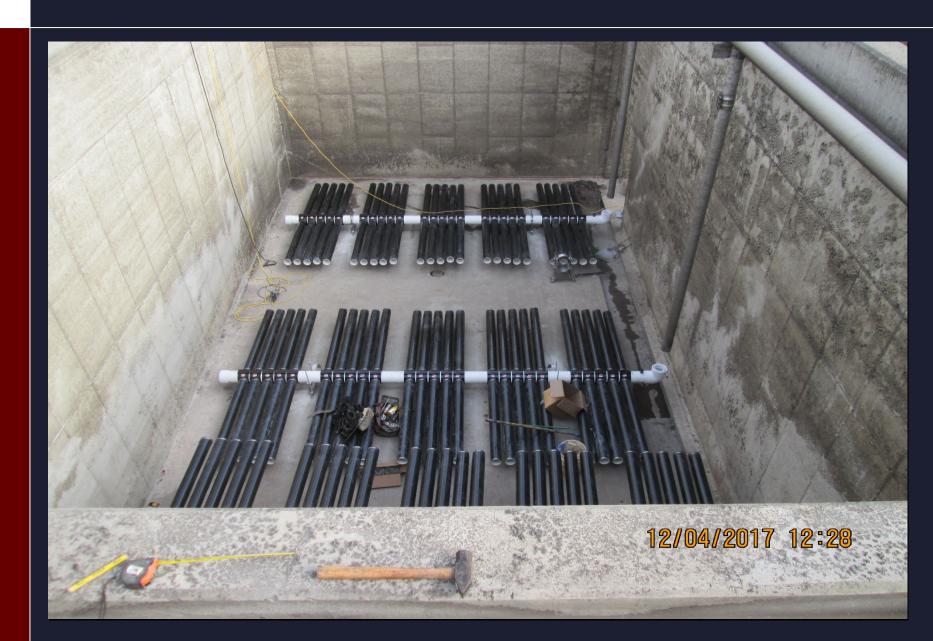




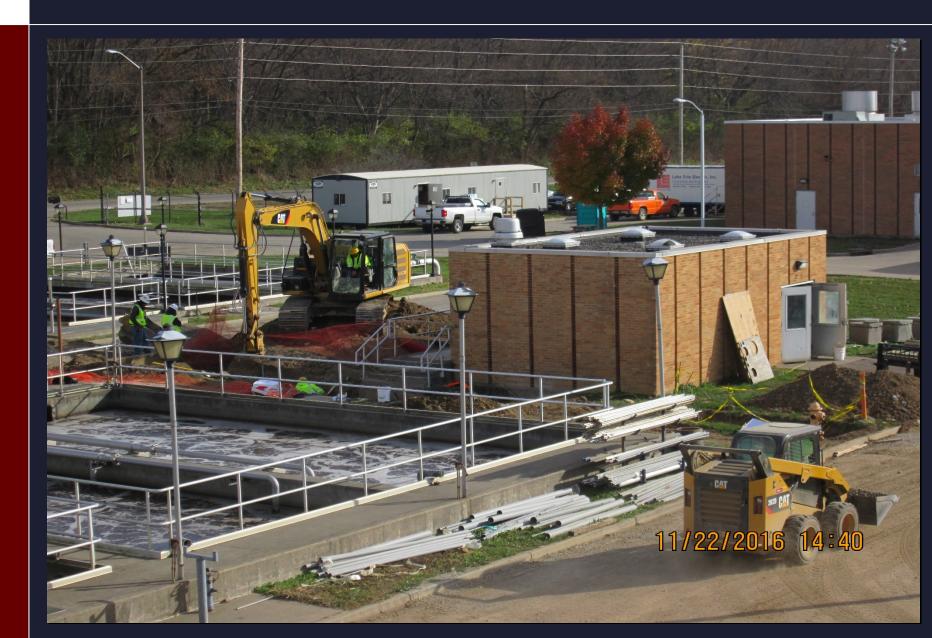
# RAS Mixing Box



















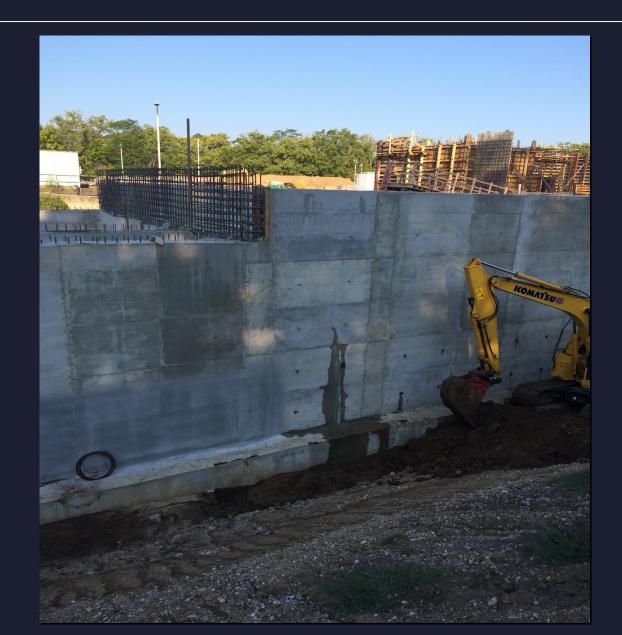








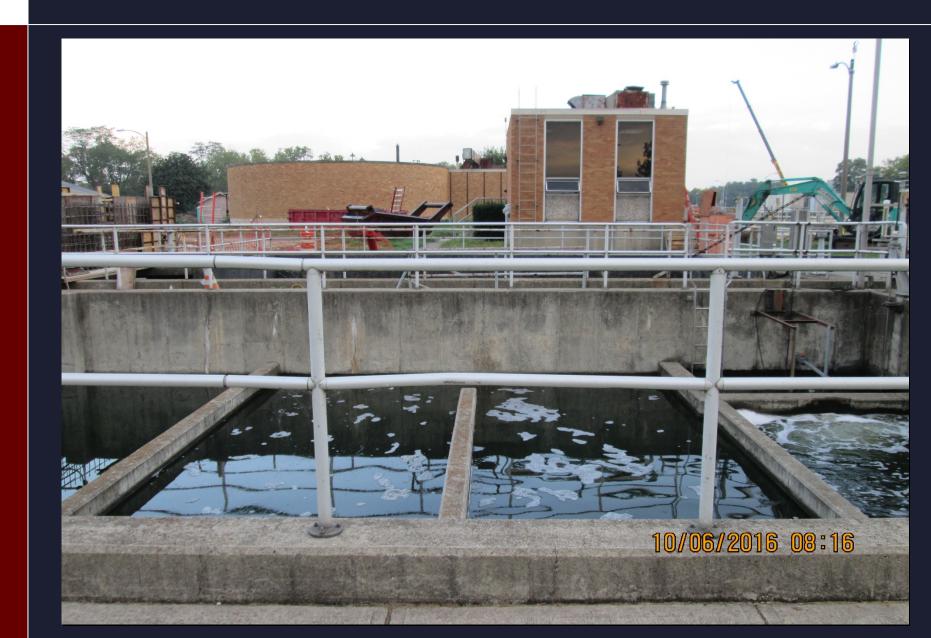






















#### Demo





# UV Tank













## **Effluent Pump Station**













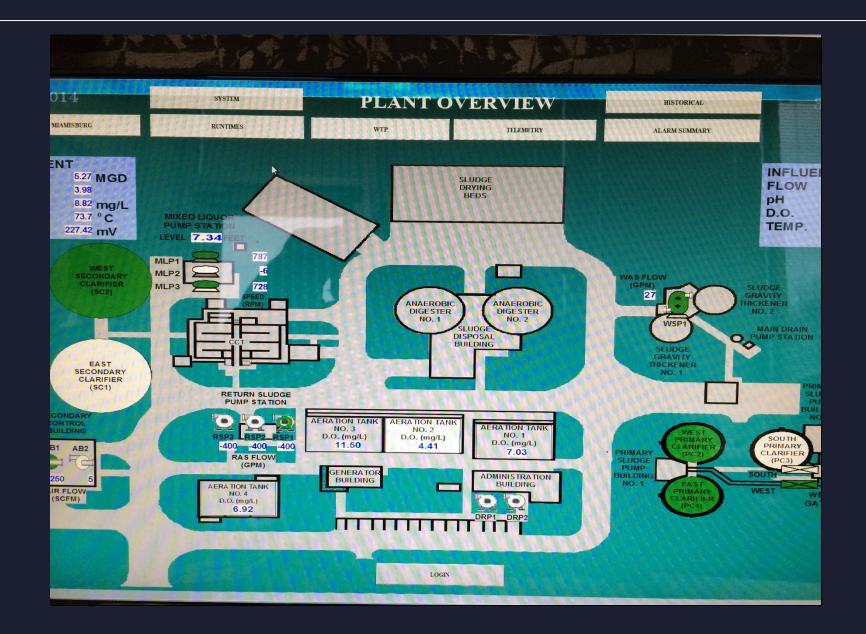




## **Diesel Tank Removal**









#### **Microwave Antenna**





## November 2018



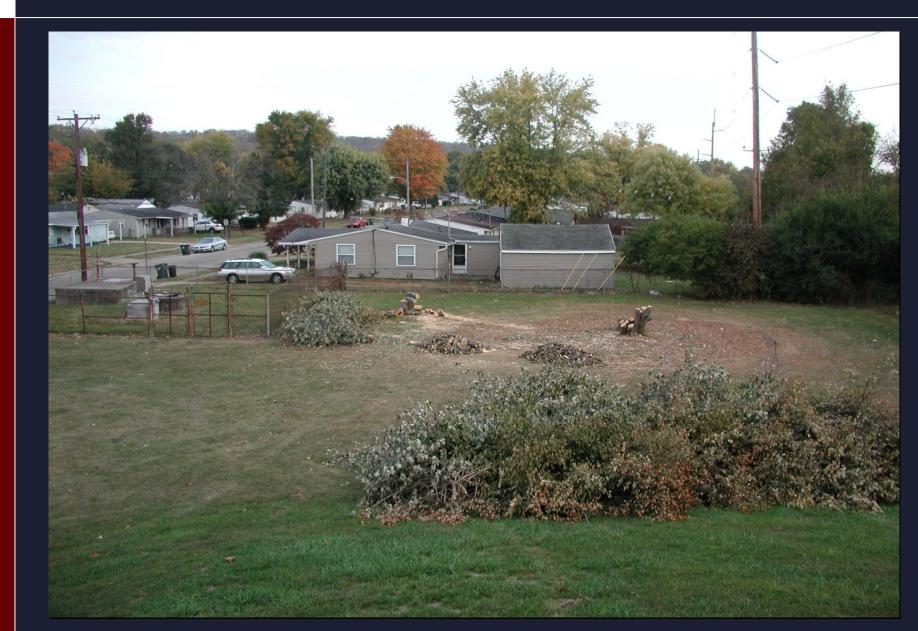


## End of the Pipe





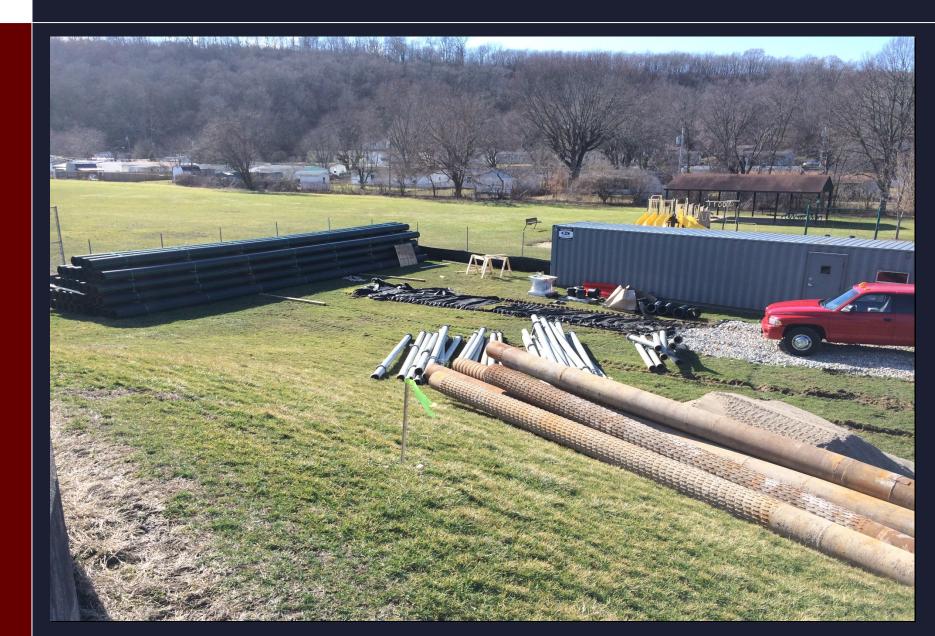
#### **Westover Pump Station**



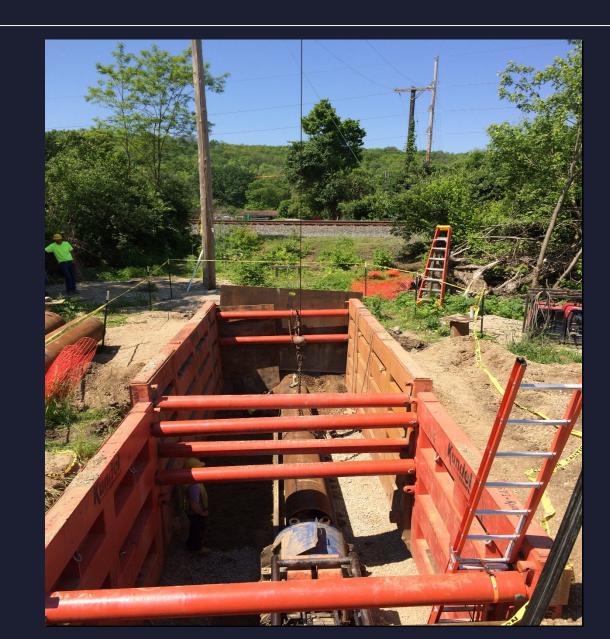
















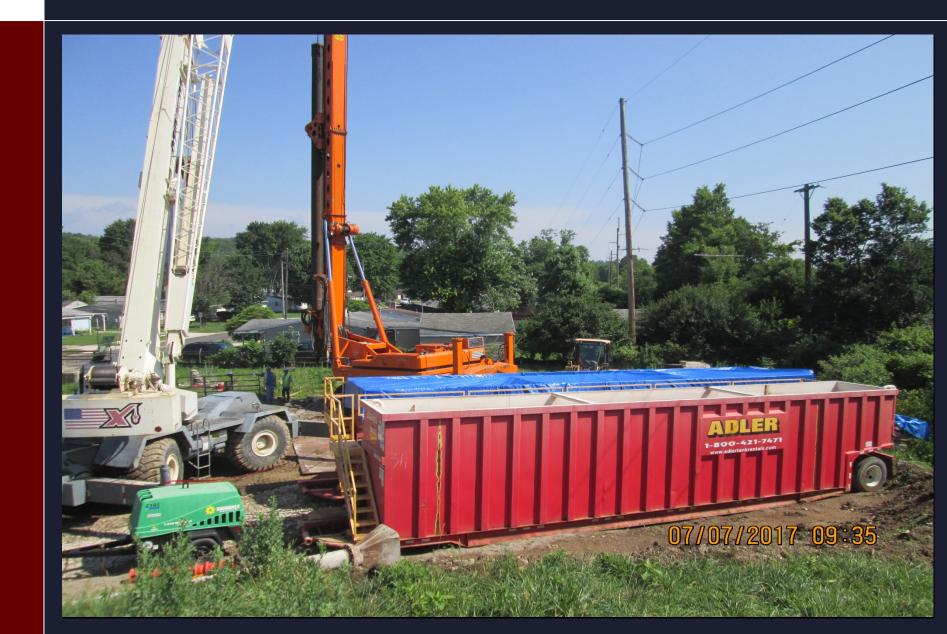








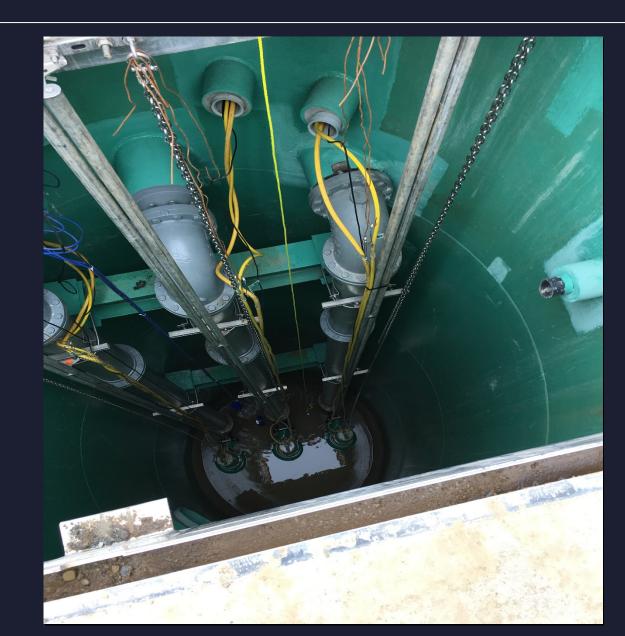




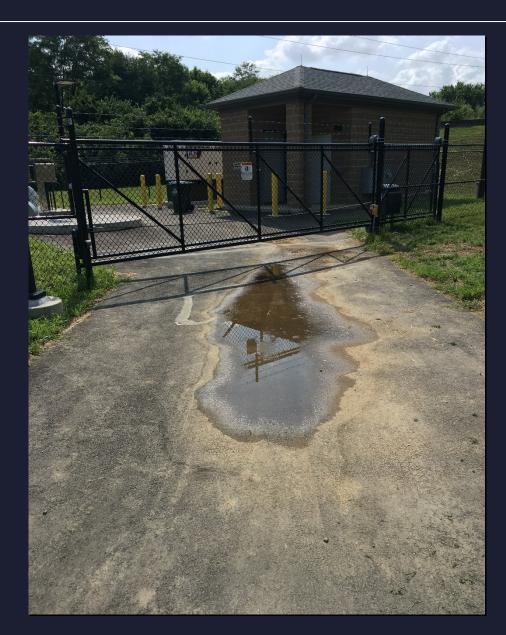














# Questions

